

## STORAGE MANAGING METHOD AND ITS DEVICE

### CROSS-REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application relates to and claims priority from Japanese Patent Application No. 2003-388702 filed on November 19, 2003, the entire disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a managing method of a storage system and its device, and particularly relates to a transfer method of constructional information between the storage system and a storage managing server.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE RELATED ART

As shown in JP-A-2003-108420 (patent literature 1), the storage managing server is connected to the storage system through LAN (local area network) to manage and control the constructional information of the storage system. The management and control of the storage system is executed by referring to this constructional information from the storage managing server and changing the constructional information.

There is also information independently updated in the storage system as in performance information and breakdown information of the storage system in addition to information

set and changed from the storage managing server as in the capacity of the storage system, setting information of path, etc. to facilitate the control using the storage managing server. Accordingly, the constructional information stored to the storage managing server is not necessarily the same as the constructional information of the storage system.

Therefore, it is necessary to update the constructional information stored to the storage managing server. In the technical literature 1, the constructional information from the storage system to the storage managing server is transferred on the basis of a constructional information obtaining request from a system managing person.

JP-A-2003-108412 (patent literature 2) discloses a technique for transferring only update information updated within the constructional information of the storage system from the storage system to the storage managing server in response to a change in the constructional information of the storage system.

[Patent literature 1] JP-A-2003-108420

[Patent literature 2] JP-A-2003-108412

A terminal device having GUI (graphical interface) is connected to the storage managing server to manage and control the operation of the storage system by using the storage managing server. When the terminal device is seen from the managing person using the terminal device, the length of time (response

time) from the transmission of a display request of the constructional information to the display completion of predetermined desirable constructional information becomes a subject in view of operability.

This subject depends on the amount of constructional information, more concretely, the amount to be updated with respect to the constructional information stored into the storage managing server. Namely, the transfer time of the constructional information from the storage system to the storage managing server has an influence on the response time of the terminal device. Such a subject is not considered in the patent literature 1. The patent literature 2 discloses a technique for transferring only the updated constructional information to the storage managing server with the generation of the update of the constructional information within the storage system as an opportunity, and shortening of the transfer time is intended. However, the constructional information also includes information momentarily changed as in the performance information of the storage system. Such information momentarily changed is not considered in the patent literature 2. When the technique disclosed in the patent literature 2 is applied, the constructional information from the storage system to the storage managing server is continuously transferred.

It is general that a processor for transferring the constructional information within the storage system is also

used in another processing, and the LAN between the storage system and the storage managing server is also used in another information transfer, which deteriorates the performance of the entire system.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

An object of the present invention is to improve speed relating to the constructional information display with respect to a user of the terminal device.

One mode of the present invention has the following construction to achieve the above object.

In the processing method of a storage managing server of the present invention, the storage managing server receives a first request issued from a storage managing terminal and executing the processing of the storage managing server, and a second request for executing processing including the communication of constructional information of a storage device between the storage device and the storage managing server. Processing with respect to the second request is started before a response to this first request is transmitted to the storage managing terminal.

For example, the first request is a login request made by operating the storage managing terminal, and the second request is a transmission request of the constructional information. In one example shown in the specification, the

transmission request of the constructional information is issued to the storage if necessary before the download of a manager program as processing of the storage managing server with respect to the login request.

In accordance with the present invention, the second request is made together with the first request on the screen by operating the storage managing terminal, and a signal can be transmitted to the storage managing server. Thus, the time (response time) from the completion of processing with respect to the first request to the display of results of processing with respect to the second request in the storage managing terminal can be shortened by executing processing including the communication of the constructional information if necessary with respect to the second request before the storage managing server starts processing with respect to the first request.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a constructional view of a storage managing system.

Fig. 2 is a view showing one example of constructional information.

Fig. 3 is a view showing one example of a screen for login of a storage managing terminal and constructional information input transmission.

Fig. 4 is a view showing a constructional information display screen.

Fig. 5 is a flow chart of the constructional information located in the storage system until this constructional information is displayed in the storage managing terminal.

Fig. 6 is a view for clearly explaining the flow of Fig. 5.

Fig. 7 is a view for explaining the processing of the storage managing terminal.

Fig. 8 is a flow chart of reference processing as one example of the processing in Fig. 7.

Fig. 9 is a flow chart of change processing in Fig. 7.

Fig. 10 is a view showing the processing of a storage managing server.

Fig. 11 is a view showing change processing in Fig. 10.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The embodiment modes of the present invention will next be explained with reference to the drawings. Fig. 1 is a view of the construction of a storage managing system. In Fig. 1, storages 30, 31, --- (hereinafter set to 30) are connected to a storage managing server 20 under the environment of SAN (Storage Area Network) in which the storages 30 and host computers 40, 41, --- (hereinafter set to 40) are connected. Plural storage managing dedicated terminals 10, 11, ---

(hereinafter set to 10) are connected to the storage managing server 20 through LAN-a (Local Area Network). The storage managing terminal 10 is arranged to perform the operations of reference, setting, change, etc. of constructional information through the storage managing server 20. Constructional information 310, 311, --- (hereinafter set to 310) within the storages 30, 31 is constructional information of the respective storages 30, 31. Both the constructional information 310 and the constructional information 311 are stored to the storage managing server 20 as constructional information 210. The constructional information 210 stored to the storage managing server 20 is not necessarily the same as the constructional information 310, 311 of the storages 30, 31. This point will be described later.

A manager program 220 for operating the constructional information 310 of the storage 30 is stored to a storage managing server 220. The manager program 220 includes a manager program for a terminal operated by the storage managing terminal 10, and a manager program for a storage managing server operated by the storage managing server 20. The manager program for a terminal is downloaded from the storage managing server 20 to the storage managing terminal 10 through the LAN-a in accordance with a download request from the storage managing terminal 10. A storage managing person operates the storage managing terminal 10 and executes the reference and the change

of the constructional information 310 by the above construction.

Fig. 2 shows one example of the constructional information. The constructional information 310, 210 is stored into the storage 30 and the storage managing server 20. In this constructional information 310, 210, there are breakdown information 520, performance information 530, etc. independently updated by the storage system 30 as well as information set and changed from the storage managing server 20 as in volume information 510, etc.

Fig. 3 shows one example of a screen 100 (hereinafter called an initial screen) for transmitting login and constructional information inputs of the storage managing terminal 10. When the storage managing terminal 10 rises, a login input section 102 and a constructional information input section 101 are displayed, and the specifying of the constructional information to be referred and changed is requested together with the input of a user name and a password. In the constructional information input section 101, a state checked by a managing person is shown in the right-hand ☐ column of an address A. Thus, the storage managing person specifies the required constructional information, and requests display of the constructional information from the storage managing server 20. A column for directly inputting a title of the constructional information, etc. may be also arranged to specify the constructional information.



Fig. 4 shows a constructional information display screen 105. Reference numeral 107 designates a constructional information display section. The constructional information display section 107 shows a display when the managing person requests volume information as the constructional information. Similar to the constructional information input section 101, reference numeral 106 designates a constructional information input section. When the managing person wants to refer to still another constructional information, the managing person performs a check in ☐ of an item column desirous to be referred. For example, when new constructional information is referred after the reference, setting, change, etc. of the volume information displayed in the constructional information display section 107 of Fig. 4, the managing person inputs and transmits a check in a predetermined desirable portion of this constructional information input section 106.

Fig. 5 is a flow chart of the constructional information 310 located in the storage system 30 until the constructional information 310 is displayed in the storage managing terminal 10. A download request of the manager program for the storage managing terminal 10 is made from the storage managing terminal 10 to the storage managing server 20 (110). The initial screen 100 is transmitted as shown by reference numeral 115 from the storage managing server 20.

The storage managing person inputs a user name and a

password through the login input section 102 of the initial screen 100 displayed in the storage managing terminal 10, and further specifies the item of predetermined constructional information desirous to be displayed through the constructional information input section 101, and transmits this constructional information to the storage managing server 20 (120). The storage managing server 20 receives the information inputted to the constructional information input section 101, and requests the transmission of the constructional information 310 of the storage from the storage 30 (125).

Next, the storage managing server 20 issues login allowance to the storage managing terminal 10 (130). After the login allowance, the storage managing server starts the download of the manager program (140).

Further, the storage managing server transmits the constructional information 310 transmitted (135) from the storage 30 to the storage managing terminal 10 (145). The storage managing terminal 10 then starts the downloaded manager program (150). The manager program is a program able to refer and set the constructional information of the storage, and is made by the applet of Java (Java is a registered trademark) and can be operated in WWW browser. The manager program is stored into the storage managing server and is delivered to the storage managing terminal through the storage managing server.

When the manager program is started, the constructional information display-operation screen 105 is displayed in the storage managing terminal 10 and the storage managing person can perform an operation.

The constructional information assigned by the constructional information input section 101 of the initial screen 100 is displayed as the constructional information display section 107 on the screen at the login time. The constructional information input section 106 for assigning new constructional information is also displayed in this constructional information display section 107. When the obtained constructional information is referred, set or changed, the referring, setting and changing operations are performed through the constructional information display section 107 on the screen 105, and an operation is inputted and transmitted to the storage managing server 20 (155). The storage managing server 20 receives information inputted by this operation and further transmits this information to the storage 30 (160).

Fig. 6 is a view for clearly explaining the flow of Fig. 5. When the assignment of the login information and required constructional information inputted through the screen 100 of the storage managing terminal 10 is transmitted to the storage managing server 20 (120), the storage managing server 20 performs judgment processing relating to the login allowance and downloads the manager program for the storage managing terminal

10 (140). The storage managing server 20 issues a command (125) for requesting the transmission of the constructional information 310 of the storage 30 to the storage 30, and obtains predetermined desirable constructional information from the storage 30 (135). The storage managing server 20 then stores the constructional information 310 of the storage 30 as constructional information 210 within the storage managing server 20. Further, the storage managing server 20 transmits the obtained constructional information to the storage managing terminal 10 (145).

On the other hand, the storage managing terminal 10 starts the downloaded manager program (150) and displays the constructional information received from the storage managing server 20 in the constructional information display section 107 of the constructional information display-operation screen 105.

As mentioned above, the constructional information input section as shown by reference numeral 101 is arranged before a managing person operating the storage managing terminal 10 downloads the manager program able to refer to, set, etc. the constructional information. Thus, while the manager program is downloaded, the storage managing server 20 can obtain the constructional information 310 assigned by the storage managing person. Accordingly, it is possible to shorten the time (response time) from the start of the manager program to the

display of the obtained constructional information in the storage managing terminal.

The processing of the storage managing terminal 10 will be explained by using Fig. 7. The storage managing terminal 10 requests the download of the manager program 220 for the storage managing terminal 10 stored into the storage managing server 20 from the storage managing server 20 (step 600). The download request is made by assigning the URL of the manager program. In the storage managing terminal 10, the initial screen 100 is displayed (step 610) and the managing person can perform an input for specifying login information and required constructional information.

Here, the constructional information input section 101 as an input section for assigning the required constructional information by the managing person is originally one portion of the manager program. However, in the invention of the present application, this one portion is displayed in the timing of login input section display. In other words, the manager program originally completed in authentication and delivered after the login is transmitted before the completion of the authentication. Thus, the storage managing server can perform the obtaining of the constructional information requiring time with respect to the storage device at an early stage.

As mentioned above, since the manager program relates to the change and the setting of the constructional information,

no manager program should be executed by an unauthenticated managing person.

Therefore, in the invention of the present application, the managing person can precedently input only the assignment of the constructional information desirous to be displayed so that the obtaining operation is hastened. On the other hand, a program portion able to truly make the change is set so as to be downloaded after the authentication. The assignment of the login information and the constructional information inputted on the initial screen 100 is transmitted to the storage managing server 20 (step 620). Authentication result reception (step 630) and the authentication result from the storage managing server 20 are checked (step 640). When no authentication is performed as a result of the check, the processing is terminated. In contrast to this, when the check result is OK, the manager program 220 is downloaded and started (step 650). The manager program 220 executes steps 660 to 700.

In the storage managing terminal 10, the constructional information requested in the step 610 is displayed in the constructional information display section 107, and the constructional information input section 106 is also displayed. The operating inputs of reference, setting, change, deletion and end of the constructional information are allowed with respect to the constructional information input section 106 (step 670). Reference processing 680, setting processing 690,

change processing 700 and deletion processing 710 are executed in accordance with the operating inputs, and a new constructional information screen 105 is displayed (step 660).

Fig. 8 shows a flow chart of the reference processing 680 as one example of the processing in Fig. 7. The constructional information newly referred is inputted to the constructional information input section 106 of the storage managing terminal 10 (step 682), and constructional information reference is requested from the storage managing server 20 (step 684). When the reception of the requested constructional information is completed (step 686), it is branched into the step 660.

Fig. 9 shows a flow chart of the change processing 700 in Fig. 7. The constructional information displayed in the constructional information display section 107 of the storage managing terminal 10 is changed (step 702), and new constructional information is requested and inputted (step 704), and change constructional information is transmitted to the storage managing server 20 (step 706). A confirmation screen of the constructional information changed by the change in the constructional information is then received (step 708). Thus, the new constructional information can be inputted and assigned in the constructional information input section 106 of the storage managing terminal 10.

Fig. 10 shows the processing of the storage managing server

20. The storage managing server 20 receives a download request of the manager program from the storage managing terminal 10, and transmits the initial screen 100 to the storage managing terminal 10 (step 800). The storage managing server 20 then receives a user name and a password from the storage managing terminal 10 (step 805). When the constructional information reference is requested from the storage managing terminal 10 (step 810), the storage managing server 20 requests the transmission of the constructional information from the storage 30 (step 820). When authentication using the check of the user name and the password is OK (step 825), the manager program is downloaded (step 830). After the reception of the constructional information from the storage 30 is completed (step 835), the storage managing server 20 waits for operation instructions from the storage managing terminal 10 (step 840).

There are reference 845, setting 870, change 880 and deletion 885 of the constructional information in the operation instructions. When the instructions of the reference are given and the request of the constructional information is necessary with respect to the storage 30 (step 845), the storage managing server 20 requests the transmission of the constructional information from the storage 30 (step 850), and waits for reception completion (step 855). When the signal reception is completed, the constructional information 210 stored to the storage managing server 20 is transmitted to the storage managing



terminal 10 (step 860). When the operation instructions are one of the setting, the change and the deletion, the storage managing server 20 executes one of steps 870, 880 and 885 with respect to the storage 30 in accordance with these instructions. The storage managing server 20 then requests the constructional information showing an operation result from the storage 30 (step 890). When the storage managing server 20 receives this constructional information (step 900), the storage managing server 20 transmits the constructional information as the operation result to the storage managing terminal 10 (step 905). When there is a transmission request of new constructional information from the storage managing terminal 10 (step 910), the storage managing server 20 requests the transmission of the constructional information from the storage 30 (step 915). Thus, when there is a request of the reference of the new constructional information in coping with the storage managing terminal 10, the storage managing server 20 collectively executes this processing.

Fig. 11 shows the change processing 880 in Fig. 10. When the storage managing server 20 receives the change constructional information from the storage managing terminal 10 (step 882), the storage managing server 20 transmits the constructional information to the storage 30 to reflect this change in the constructional information 310 of the storage 30 (step 884).

In the explanation of this embodiment, the display and the function of the initial screen 100 have been explained as one portion of the manager program. It is not necessary to collectively treat these programs as the manager program, and these programs may be also constructed by independent programs functionally divided and classified. Further, a program for the display of the initial screen 100 may be installed to the storage managing terminal in advance. Even while processing for obtaining the constructional information inputted by a managing person is login-authenticated, it is sufficient if execution is performed by the storage managing server.

As mentioned above, the invention has been concretely explained on the basis of the embodiment modes, but the present invention is not limited to the above embodiment modes. The present invention can be naturally variously modified in the scope not departing from the features of the present invention.